## Water Indicator Definitions

Indicator	Definition	Data Source
Name	Demnition	(HNLSS, DHS, etc.)
Explore Facilities/All Se	ectors	
Number of Improved Water Points	<ul> <li>Total number of improved water points in the LGA. Improved water points include :</li> <li>Piped water into dwelling</li> <li>Piped water to yard/plot</li> <li>Public tap or standpipe</li> <li>Borehole</li> <li>Protected dug well</li> <li>Protected spring</li> </ul>	WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP) and OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Overhead Tank	• Rainwater harvesting system Total number of Overhead tanks in the LGA. Overhead tank refers to a borehole installation that is on the premises or within 100 meters and that it is not fitted with a handpump. The term "Overhead tank" was used to differentiate on- site boreholes from distant boreholes that supply water to the facility via a piped network and tap.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Taps	Total number of Taps in the LGA. Taps refer to taps that are supplied by improved sources that are more than 100 meters from the facility. These taps can be public or private taps, but the source is located more than 100 meters from the facility.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Hand pumps	Total number of Hand pumps in the LGA. Hand pumps refer to boreholes or protected wells that are fitted with a handpump.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Percentage of improved water points that are functional	Percentage of improved water points that are functional within the LGA. Refers to the survey response for improved water points that were classified as functional at the time of the survey.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Explore Facilities/Water		
Number of Improved Water Points	Total number of improved water points in the LGA. Improved water points include :	WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP)

	Piped water into dwelling	
	<ul> <li>Piped water to yard/plot</li> </ul>	
	Public tap or standpipe	
	Borehole	
	Protected dug well	
	Protected spring	
	Rainwater harvesting system	
Overhead Tank	Total number of Overhead tanks in	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
	the LGA. Overhead tank refers to a	
	borehole installation that is on the	
	premises or within 100 meters and	
	that it is not fitted with a	
	handpump. The term "Overhead	
	tank" was used to differentiate on-	
	site boreholes from distant	
	boreholes that supply water to the	
-	facility via a piped network and tap.	
Taps	Total number of Taps in the LGA.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
	Taps refer to taps that are supplied	
	by improved sources that are more	
	than 100 meters from the facility.	
	These taps can be public or private	
	then 100 meters from the facility	
Hand numps	Total number of Hand numps in the	OSSAR MDGs Eacility Inventory Surveys
nanu pumps	IGA Hand numps refer to boreholes	OSSAP MIDds Facility Inventory Surveys
	or protected wells that are fitted	
	with a handpump.	
Number of	Total number of unimproved water	WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring
Unimproved Water	points in the LGA. As defined by the	Programme (JMP) and OSSAP MDGs
Points	WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring	Facility Inventory Surveys
	Programme (JMP), unimproved	
	water points include :	
	Unprotected dug well	
	Unprotected spring	
	Cart with small tank/drum	
	Tanker truck	
	Surface water	
	Bottled water	
Total Number of	Total number of both improved and	WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring
Water Points	unimproved water points in the	Programme (JMP) and OSSAP MDGs
	LGA.	Facility Inventory Surveys
Percentage of	Percentage of improved water	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
improved water	points that are functional within the	
points that are	LGA. Refers to the survey response	
functional	for improved water points that were	
	classified as functional at the time of	

	the survey.	
Percentage of taps	Percentage of taps that are	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
that are functional	functional within the LGA. Refers to	
	the survey response for taps that	
	were classified as functional at the	
	time of the survey.	
Percentage of hand	Percentage of hand pumps that are	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
numps that are	functional within the LGA. Refers to	
functional	the survey response for hand numps	
Tunctional	that were classified as functional at	
	the time of the survey	
Lift Mochanism	Lift mechanism refers to the survey.	OSSAR MDGs Eacility Inventory Surveys
Applycic	response for the type of mechanized	OSSAF MIDOS Facility Inventory Surveys
Allalysis	newer source that is used to newer	
	the water pump. The entire are	
	diagol and acts plastic grid and	
	diesei gen-sets, electric grid and	
	solar PV power. The analysis shows	
	the total number and the	
	percentage that are functional for	
	each type of lift mechanism in the	
	LGA.	
Facilities and Map/Wa	ter	
Туре	The type of water point that was	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
	surveyed.	
Community	The community where the water	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
	point is located.	
Ward	The ward where the water point is	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
	located.	
Improved	Whether or not the water point is	WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring
	classified as "improved." If the point	Programme (JMP) and OSSAP MDGs
	is improved the column shows	Facility Inventory Surveys
	"YES," and if the point is	
	unimproved it shows "NO."	
Functional	Functional refers to the survey	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
	response for whether or not the	, , ,
	water point was functional at the	
	time of the survey. If the point was	
	classified as functional the column	
	shows "YES," and if the point was	
	classified as non-functional it shows	
	"NO "	
Reason Broken	Reason broken refers to the survey	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
Reason broken	response for why the water point is	OSSAL WEOST denity inventory surveys
	non-functional. It can be one of the	
	following:	
	<ul> <li>Mechanical issue</li> </ul>	

	Poorly constructed	
	<ul> <li>Poor water quality</li> </ul>	
	Under construction	
	<ul> <li>Don't know</li> </ul>	
Lift mechanism	Lift mechanism refers to the type of mechanized power source that is used to power the water pump. The options are diesel gen-sets, electric grid and solar PV power. This is not relevant for hand pumps or other non-mechanized water point types.	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys

## For the 2012 baseline it is exactly the same except for the following addition to the Facilities and Map/Water section

Fees for use	Fees for use refers to the survey	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
	response for whether or not	
	users must pay a fee to access	
	water from the water point. If	
	the user must pay then the	
	column shows "YES," and if the	
	user does not have to pay then it	
	shows "NO."	
Distribution Type	Distribution type refers to the	OSSAP MDGs Facility Inventory Surveys
	survey response for the type of	
	network that the water point is	
	connected to. The options	
	include:	
	Stand Alone Water Point	
	(e.g., hand pump )	
	Water Scheme, Source	
	within 100m (e.g., tap	
	with the overhead tank	

within 100 meters)	
Water Scheme, Source	
within 1km (e.g., tap	
with the overhead tank	
within 1 kilometer)	
Water Scheme, Source	
further than 1km (e.g.,	
tap with the overhead	
tank further than 1	
kilometer)	